## § 430.102 Performance management.

- (a) Performance management is the systematic process by which an agency involves its employees, as individuals and members of a group, in improving organizational effectiveness in the accomplishment of agency mission and goals.
- (b) Performance management integrates the processes an agency uses to—
- (1) Communicate and clarify organizational goals to employees;
- (2) Identify individual and, where applicable, team accountability for accomplishing organizational goals;
- (3) Identify and address developmental needs for individuals and, where applicable, teams;
- (4) Assess and improve individual, team, and organizational performance;
- (5) Use appropriate measures of performance as the basis for recognizing and rewarding accomplishments; and
- (6) Use the results of performance appraisal as a basis for appropriate personnel actions.

## Subpart B—Performance Appraisal for General Schedule, Prevailing Rate, and Certain Other Employees

SOURCE: 60 FR 43943, Aug. 23, 1995, unless otherwise noted.

## §430.201 General.

- (a) Statutory authority. Chapter 43 of title 5, United States Code, provides for the establishment of agency performance appraisal systems and requires the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) to prescribe regulations governing such systems. The regulations in this subpart in combination with statute set forth the requirements for agency performance appraisal system(s) and program(s) for employees covered by subchapter I of chapter 43.
- (b) Savings provision. The performance appraisal system portion of an agency's Performance Management Plan approved by OPM as of September 22, 1995 shall constitute an approved performance appraisal system under the regulations in this subpart until such time changes to the system are approved. No provision of the regula-

- tions in this subpart shall be applied in such a way as to affect any administrative proceeding related to any action taken under regulations in this chapter pending on September 22, 1995.
- (c) Equivalent ratings of record. (1) If an agency has administratively adopted and applied the procedures of this subpart to evaluate the performance of its employees, the ratings of record resulting from that evaluation are considered ratings of record for reduction in force purposes.
- (2) Other performance evaluations given while an employee is not covered by the provisions of this subpart are considered ratings of record for reduction in force purposes when the performance evaluation—
- (i) Was issued as an officially designated evaluation under the employing agency's performance evaluation system.
- (ii) Was derived from the appraisal of performance against expectations that are established and communicated in advance and are work related, and
- (iii) Identified whether the employee performed acceptably.
- (3) When the performance evaluation does not include a summary level designator and pattern comparable to those established at §430.208(d), the agency may identify a level and pattern based on information related to the appraisal process.

[60 FR 43943, Aug. 23, 1995; 60 FR 47646, Sept. 13, 1995, as amended at 62 FR 62502, Nov. 24, 1997]

## § 430.202 Coverage.

- (a) Employees and agencies covered by statute. (1) Section 4301(1) of title 5, United States Code, defines agencies covered by this subpart.
- (2) Section 4301(2) of title 5, United States Code, defines employees covered by statute by this subpart. Besides General Schedule (GS/GM) and prevailing rate employees, coverage includes, but is not limited to, senior-level and scientific and professional employees paid under 5 U.S.C. 5376.
- (b) Statutory exclusions. This subpart does not apply to agencies or employees excluded by 5 U.S.C. 4301(1) and (2), the United States Postal Service, or the Postal Rate Commission.